CRIMES COMPENSATION BOARD

Annual Report

March 31, 1988

FOR THE PERIOD APRIL 1, 1987 TO MARCH 31, 1988

Alberta
ATTORNEY GENERAL

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The Crimes Compensation Board Summary

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD APRIL 1, 1987 TO MARCH 31, 1988

Alberta

ATTORNEY GENERAL

90-04168/

THE BOARD

BRUCE V. MASSIE, Q.C. - CHAIRMAN

BORIS A. NAHORNICK, M.D. - VICE CHAIRMAN

TERENCE J. NUGENT - MEMBER

Alberta

THE CRIMES COMPENSATION BOARD

December 1, 1988

The Honourable Ken Rostad, Q.C.,
Attorney General of Alberta
Legislature Building
Edmonton, Alberta

Dear Sir:

I submit herewith the Annual Report of the Crimes Compensation Board for the period April 1, 1987 to March 31, 1988.

Respectfully submitted,

for Bruce V. Massie, Q.C.,
Chairman

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INTRODUCTION

The Criminal Injuries Compensation Act was enacted in 1969 to provide assistance to victims of violent crime who suffer financial loss as a direct result of injuries or death.

The Crimes Compensation Board, established under The Criminal Injuries Compensation Act, consists of three members appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, one of whom must be a barrister and solicitor. The present members of the Board are: B.V. Massie, Q.C., chairman; Dr. B.A. Nahornick, vice-chairman; and T.J. Nugent, member.

The Board is directed to hold hearings in the presence of the victim to review claims. Although proceedings are informal, any false statement made to the Board is punishable by a fine not exceeding $500. Evidence is obtained from reports by police, hospitals, doctors, dentists, employers and income tax returns in addition to statements from the applicant and witnesses, if required.

The Board may make orders for compensation when injury or death is a direct result of an act or omission of another person that occurred in Alberta and is within the description of any of the criminal offences set out in Schedule 1 of the Act, or to a person who attempts to make an arrest or prevents or attempts to prevent the commission of a criminal offence or assists a peace officer in so doing.

The Board may compensate for damages to or loss of property consisting of clothing or eyeglasses worn at the time of offence. By an amending Act in force after May 4, 1982, the Board may compensate up to $10,000 for loss of or damage to property caused while a peace officer is endeavouring to prevent a criminal offence or arrest an offender for the commission of a criminal offence set out in Schedule 1 of the Act.

Claims may be considered by the Board if the crimes and injury occurred in Alberta, the details have been reported to the police within a reasonable time, the claim is received by the Board within one year of the injury or death, and the loss for which the claim is made exceeds $100.

An applicant must consent to a medical examination if required by the Board and allow the Board to conduct inquiries to verify any statements made.

The Board cannot compensate for injuries caused by motor vehicles except where a spouse is killed as a result of criminal negligence on the part of the operator or because the operator was driving while impaired.

Generally the Board's jurisdiction is limited to awarding compensation for pecuniary loss suffered by the victim, such as loss of wages or loss of support by a dependant of the victim, and expenses incurred by the victim or others on his or her behalf.

Compensation as damages for physical disability, disfigurement or pain and suffering can only be awarded if the victim was arresting a person or preventing that person from committing a criminal offence. In most cases police officers are the recipients of such awards.

APPLICATIONS AND DECISIONS

The number of applications declined slightly during the last year, from 303 to 298 (213 male applicants, 85 female). Residents of other provinces accounted for 21 claims. Of the 298 applications, 250 were for personal injury, 43 for death benefits, and five for property damage.

The number of decisions made and recorded by the Board was 466. Payments based on these decisions totalled $1,018,392. Loss of earnings accounted for more than 55 per cent of this total.

As medical and hospital expenses of most victims were covered by provincial health plans, medical expenses paid by the Board were mainly for dental work and ambulance service.

The violent crimes most frequently giving rise to applications were:

Assault Causing Bodily Harm
Murder
Robbery
Attempted Murder
Assaulting a Police Officer

REFUSED AWARDS

Thirty-three applicants were refused awards. Examples of refused awards are outlined below:

Decision #3276-87
Application No. 283-9

This was an application by a male, age 27, for compensation for injuries sustained December 5, 1986. The applicant left a bar at 2:30 a.m. and woke up in the hospital, the victim of a hit and run driver. The applicant suffered a broken hip and ruptured colon. As the Act provides that the Board shall not make an order for compensation in respect to offences arising out of the operation of a motor vehicle, no award was made.

Decision #3410-87
Application No. 128-10

This was an application by a female, age 27, for compensation for injuries sustained November 21, 1986. The applicant, a school teacher, was struck in the face by a snowball causing considerable damage to her teeth. The Board found that the applicant was the victim of a prank and not of a criminal offence; no award was made.

Decision #3441-87
Application No. 149-10

This was an application by a male, age 23, for compensation for injuries sustained November 15, 1985. The applicant had had a few drinks at a lounge and was then refused further service. In the process of removing the applicant from the premises, he sustained a severe cut to his arm. It is not clear whether this was done accidentally by the hotel staff or whether the applicant put his own arm through the window in anger. The applicant had first consulted a lawyer in April 1986, but did not file an application with the Board until September 1987. As there was some discrepancy as to whether a crime had been committed, and as the time for applying had expired, no award was made.

Decision #3539-88
Application No. 231-10

This was an application for property damage. The applicant had parked his vehicle near the entrance of a nightclub. He heard a disturbance outside and when he went to investigate, he saw the police, while attempting to arrest someone, bounce the person off the hood of the applicant's car. As the person was being arrested for causing a disturbance, which is not covered under the Criminal Injuries Compensation Act, no award was made.

Decision #3362-88
Application No. 065-10

This was an application by a male, age 24, for injuries sustained by him on December 23, 1986. The applicant was attending a party and when leaving, fell off the back porch and was then attacked by a dog. The applicant was bitten in the face, taking off part of his nose. As the owner of the dog was not identified and no charges were laid, no award was made.

Decision #3478-88
Application No. 098-10

This was an application by a male, age 18, for injuries sustained by him on September 28, 1986. The applicant relates that he was visiting a lady when a man came in through the window and demanded that the applicant leave. In the resulting fracas, the applicant was hit on the arm with a meat cleaver and suffered considerable injury. The assailant claims the applicant was reaching for a knife. The applicant failed to appear in court and was finally brought in under warrant. In addition, the applicant was fined $100 for contempt of court. When he finally testified, he did so in such a manner that the judge found him to be an extremely unreliable witness and dismissed the charges. As the Board does not feel that the applicant is a victim and as the applicant failed to cooperate, no award was made.

MONTHLY AWARDS

The Board feels confident that its power to make awards on a monthly basis is a valuable remedy. Awards of this type provide monthly payments to a victim suffering a continuing disability or, in the case of a claim for death benefits, to the dependants of a victim.

There are many instances in which payment of a lump sum to a victim would be inappropriate, particularly in times of inflation. A monthly payment involves an annual review by the Board, when amendments can be made as circumstances change.

At present, 62 victims are receiving monthly payments, ranging from $21 to $2,600 depending on the former earning capacity of the victim. Following are examples of monthly awards made this year.

Decision #1442a-87
Application No. 107-3

Applicant, female, age 22, was hit in her left eye on July 1, 1978. The retina detached which left the victim blind in the left eye. In June 1981 the Board awarded the following: loss of earnings and travel expenses, $2,432.60; medical report, $45; counsel's fee, $300. In 1987 the applicant asked that her application be re-opened. She stated she has not been able to work for the past two years due to trouble with her right eye. Her solicitor put forth the argument that while the injury to her left eye did not cause the problem with her right eye, she does not have her left eye as back-up. The Board is of the opinion that the applicant should be assessed with relation to the problem with her left eye as a permanent partial disability of 10 per cent. In June 1987 the Board awarded the sum of $138 per month and a counsel fee of $200.
Total paid to date: $4,357.60.

Decision #2983a-87
Application No. 238-8

Applicant, male, age 24, was injured on November 12, 1985. The applicant was in a tavern when a dispute broke out. He was struck over the arm with a bat resulting in a comminuted fracture of the left olecranon. The doctor recommended he avoid strenuous work with his left elbow. The applicant had been employed as a bricklayer, but took a lesser paying job as a salesman due to his injuries. In May 1986 the Board awarded the following: loss of earnings, $8,400; transportation for medical treatment, $350; medication, $10; medical report, $60. At a hearing in February 1987 the applicant advised that he has started a course at NAIT. The Board awarded the following: loss of earnings to date $6,660 and the sum of $740 per month. In February 1988, the Board ordered that the monthly payments continue until further order.
Total paid to date: $23,620.

Decision #3481a-88
Application No. 152-10

Applicant, female, age 40, applied for benefits due to the death of her husband on August 28, 1987. In February 1988 the Board awarded the following: funeral expenses and body shipment, $3,500; travelling expenses for the deceased's brother, $1,391; expenses in attending the hearing, $50. The applicant asked for time to bring proof of earnings of the deceased. In March 1988 the Board awarded the sum of $4,000 for loss of earnings from the time of death and the sum of $800 per month to continue until further order.
Total paid to date: $9,741.

INTERIM AWARDS

An interim award is a lump sum payment made when no permanent disability is expected from injuries sustained, but is usually serious enough to warrant a reassessment of the applicant's condition in six months. In the last fiscal year, 35 interim awards were granted by the Board. Following are examples:

Decision #2508f-87
Application No. 331-6

Victim, female, age 37, was injured on February 7, 1984. The victim was shot in the face resulting in a shattering of the mandible, wounding to her mouth and the loss of several teeth. She required extensive dental treatment, including bone grafting, to her jaw. The victim underwent oral surgery in October 1984 and February 1985 and the expenses were paid by Alberta Social Services. In October 1986 the victim advised she had returned to work. In October 1984 the Board awarded the following: loss of earnings, $6,660; medical report, $60; ambulance, $95. In August 1985: loss of earnings, $4,860; expenses in attending the hearing, $84; counsel's fees, $160. In December 1985: dental treatment, $140.06. In March 1986: loss of earnings, $4,200; expenses in attending the hearing, $100. In October 1986: loss of earnings, $1,800; dental treatment, $4,000; expenses in attending the hearing, $100. In February 1987 a further $1,600 was awarded for dental treatment. In May 1987 the Board considered that the victim is now able to work and no further award was made for loss of earnings. Any future dental expenses due to her injuries will be covered. The Board awarded $100 for expenses in attending the hearing.
Total paid to date: $23,979.06.

Decision #3515a-88
Application No. 222-10

Victim, male, age 30, was injured on October 12, 1987. The victim and some of his friends were in a hotel dining room when a gang armed with bats and clubs invaded the dining room and attacked the victim and his friends. The victim suffered severe head injuries and blood clots on the brain which caused his right side to become unresponsive. He was hospitalized for three weeks and had emergency surgery to remove the clots. He continues to have weakness in his right arm. In March 1988 the Board awarded the following: loss of earnings, $1,165.08; damaged clothing, $200; medication, $40; medical report, $75. In June 1988 the Board awarded a further $1,319.78 for loss of earnings.
Total paid to date: $2,799.86.

Decision #3247c-87
Application No. 224-9

Victim, male, age 22, was assaulted at a tavern on November 19, 1986. The victim suffered a severe head injury with possible brain damage. In May 1987 the Board awarded the following: loss of earnings, $2,720; ambulance, $136; damaged clothing, $60; parents' expenses while son in hospital, $900; counsel's fees, $200. In June 1987: glasses, $150; dental treatment, $273.54. In October 1987: dental treatment, $2,392.15. In November 1987: loss of earnings, $5,440; expenses in attending the hearing, $25.
Total paid to date: $12,296.69

Decision #3259-87
Application No. 287-9

This is an application by a female, age 22, for benefits due to the murder of her common-law husband on January 4, 1987. In order to qualify as a dependent, a common-law wife must have cohabited with the victim for a period of at least two years. As the applicant had only been in this relationship for 10 months, she does not qualify as a dependent. The applicant, however, is pregnant by the deceased and when the child is born, it qualifies as a dependent. In the interim, the Board made the following award in June 1987: funeral expenses, $2,500; expenses in attending the funeral in Newfoundland, $1,272. In August 1987 the board awarded the sum of $100 per month for the child born June 21, 1987.
Total paid to date: $4,472.

FINAL AWARDS

A final award is a one-time payment to cover a victim's loss of earnings and expenses resulting from a crime where the applicant is able to return to work with no decrease in earnings. There were 240 final payments awarded in the last fiscal year. Following are examples:

Decision #3477-88
Application No. 155-10

Victim, male, age 19, was injured on March 23, 1987. The victim was in an unorganized hockey game when he was slashed across the mouth deliberately with a hockey stick by an opposing player. Even though the Court found a reasonable doubt and dismissed the charge against the perpetrator, the Board found that he was injured in circumstances entitling him to compensation. The Board awarded the following: lost wages, $84; dental treatment, $36.74; ruined clothing, $40; medication, $20; travel expenses for dental treatment, $60; travel expenses to attend hearing, $40; medical report, $75; dental report, $45; counsel fee, $100.
Total award: $800.74.

Decision #3510-88
Application No. 207-10

Victim, female, age 24, was injured on October 24, 1987. The victim went over to her ex-boyfriend's home to ask for money he owed her. The victim was aware of his terrible temper as he had beaten her previously and she, in fact, had a restraining order to prevent him from assaulting her. When she asked for the money, he struck her. She persisted in asking for the money and on the third occasion, she was beaten which resulted in damage to her teeth. The Board finds her 25 per cent responsible for her injuries. The Board awarded the following: dental expense, $770.13; prescriptions, $27; food processor, $85; lost wages, $680; minus the 25 per cent responsibility resulting in a net award of $1,171.60; medical report, $75.
Total award: $1,246.60

Decision #3496-88
Application No. 156-10

Victim, male, age 44, was attacked on July 27, 1987, when he went into his yard to investigate the cause of one of his electronic alarms going off. Subsequent to the attack, the victim suffered a heart attack. As the victim was not employed at the time due to previous medical problems, his claim is limited to travel expenses for medical treatment and prescription costs. The Board awarded the following: travel expenses, $150; prescriptions, $200; medical reports, $150.
Total award: $500.

Decision #3332-87
Application No. 076-10

This was an application for property damage sustained on April 22, 1987 when the police broke down a door in an attempt to arrest someone wanted in connection with a robbery charge. The cost of repairs was awarded.
Total award: $135.46

Decision #3292-87
Application No. 284-9

Applicant, female, claims funeral expenses for her daughter, age 23. The victim was administered drugs several times on December 31, 1986 by the accused. The final injection resulted in convulsions which left the victim in a coma. She died five days later. The accused was charged with manslaughter. The Board awarded the maximum of $2,500 for funeral expenses.
Total award: $2,500.

Decision #3521-88
Application No. 188-10

Victim, female, age 44, suffered a severe beating on November 29, 1986. The victim and her husband were moving to a new home. The victim stayed at the old residence overnight to finish off the cleaning in the morning. An intruder broke into the house and severely beat the victim with some sort of wooden weapon.

The victim's injuries included the loss of an eye. Her injuries made it necessary to visit several specialists, including one in Toronto. The Board awarded the following: telephone calls, babysitter and miscellaneous expenses, $395.07; ruined clothing, $170; prescription drugs, $118; legal fees, $169; loss of unemployment insurance, $1,408; travel and hotel expenses, $1,594.40; medical report, $75. Total award: $3,929.47.

SUPPLEMENTAL AWARDS

A supplemental award is a one-time payment made to a victim to cover additional expenses, usually medical, which may have been incurred after the initial award. The Board granted 100 supplemental awards to applicants in the last fiscal year. Following are examples:

Decision #2054b-88
Application No. 394-5

Victim, female, age 20, was injured on August 29, 1982. The victim was hosting a party when one of the guests became obnoxious and was asked to leave. As he left, he threw a beer bottle and hit the victim in the face. The victim suffered a gash to her right cheek requiring sutures. In August 1983 the Board awarded $95.45 for lost earnings; $75 for ambulance and $60 for a medical report. In December 1987 the Board made a supplemental award of $200 for plastic surgery, and in February 1988 another supplemental award was made in the amount of $128.80 for lost wages due to the surgery.
Total award to date: $559.25.

Decision #1209c-87
Application no. 096-1

Victim, male, age 36, was attending a cabaret when he was stabbed with a knife. The right side of his face was slashed, including the eye, and that was later removed. In March 1980 the Board awarded the sum of $2,012 for lost earnings, $84 for glasses, $36 for medication, $48.25 for taxis, etc., $50 for expenses in attending the hearing, $70 for medical reports, and $150 for counsel's fee. The Board made supplemental awards for replacement of the artificial eye in November 1982 in the sum of $350 and in April 1987 in the sum of $800. In November 1987 the sum of $75 was awarded for a medical report.
Total award to date: $3,675.25

Decision 1929b-87
Application No. 179-5

Victim, female, age 21, was hitchhiking on August 30, 1980. She accepted a ride with six men. The victim was beaten and raped by all six men. In 1984 the Board awarded the sum of $3,000 for lost earnings, $535 for counsel's fee and $60 for a medical report. Subsequent to that decision, the Board authorized five treatment sessions with a clinical psychologist and in April 1987 awarded the sum of $325 in payment of same.
Total award to date: $3,920.

PAIN AND SUFFERING

The ability of the Board to award compensation for what is termed pain and suffering is limited, both by circumstances and amount. Compensation for disfigurement and pain and suffering caused by the injury can only be awarded if the injury occurred while the victim was preventing a crime, making an arrest or assisting a peace officer to do so. The maximum awarded is $10,000. The total paid last year was $37,750, compared to $45,950 the previous year. The scale of these awards is well below that of comparable awards in the civil courts due to the restrictions expressed in the Act. The great majority of these awards are made to police officers who have been injured when they are arresting or pursuing offenders.

Following are examples of pain and suffering payments made in this fiscal year.

Decision #3393-87
Application No. 018-10

Victim, male, age 36, was injured on March 16, 1986. Although the application was not received by the Board until April 21, 1987, the Board accepted the applicant's reason for not filing within one year and extended the time. The applicant was working as a doorman when he pursued a man fleeing with a stolen purse. The applicant caught up to the thief and in the ensuing struggle, the applicant's leg was broken and his teeth damaged. The Board awarded the victim $236 for ruined clothing, $2,008 for the portion of the victim's earnings not covered by Workers' Compensation, $105 for medical and dental reports, and $2,000 for pain and suffering. In February 1988 the Board awarded payment of $300 for psychological counselling.
Total award: $4,649.

Decision #3500-88
Application No. 140-10

Victim, male, age 38, is a police officer who was injured on November 21, 1986. The victim and his partner were in an unmarked police car, attempting to assist in the arrest of a suspect. The suspect's car crashed into their car causing considerable damage and injury to both policemen. The victim suffered lacerations to the face and head, bruises and contusions, and a fractured pelvis. The Board awarded $75 for a medical report and $2,500 for pain and suffering.
Total award: $2,575.

Decision #3395-87
Application No. 088-10

Victim, male, age 45, was injured on July 23, 1986. The victim and his wife were out walking with their dog when they witnessed an assault on a teenage girl by two other teenage girls. The victim went to assist the girl being assaulted. The victim was told to leave and when he continued to try and assist the girl he suffered a supracondylar fracture of the right humerus together with an injury to the right ulnar nerve. The Board awarded the victim $80 for medical expenses, $60 for glasses, $85 for ruined clothing, $1,000 for lost sales commissions and bonuses, $60 for medical report, and $2,000 for pain and suffering.
Total award: $3,285.

Decision #3459-87
Application No. 180-10

Victim, female, age 28, was injured September 4, 1987. The victim, a special constable with the City of Calgary Transportation Department, approached three women at the LRT Station, to check for fares. Two of the women then assaulted the victim causing pain and stiffness in her neck, headaches and pain in the lower back. The victim's wages were covered by Workers' Compensation. The Crimes Compensation Board awarded her $478.60 for the wages she would have received by working on two holidays, $75 for a medical report, and $1,000 for pain and suffering.
Total award: $1,553.60

Decision #3511-88
Application No. 212-10

Victim, male, age 27, was injured on November 12, 1987. The victim and his father caught two people trying to steal his father's truck. The victim caught one of the thieves and turned him over to his father. The other thief hit the victim in the arm and then fled. The victim suffered a bruised knee and contusions. The Board awarded $181 for broken glasses and $500 for pain and suffering.
Total award: $681.

PUBLIC AWARENESS

The Board believes that knowledge of the existence and mandate of the Crimes Compensation Board is increasing across the province, although the process is far from complete. One indication of this is the increase in the number of applications filed within a few days of the event.

An information brochure outlining the work of the Board and the relief it can provide has been distributed to police forces, schools, hospitals and interested groups in the province. The police forces have been provided with a summarized information card which is given to a victim when a crime is being investigated.

The Board also wishes to acknowledge and thank the law officers of the Crown for their assistance and is mindful of the conscientious and capable manner in which the Board's staff carry out their responsibilities.

The police departments of both Calgary and Edmonton maintain Victim Services Units to assist victims. This includes assistance in completing applications under the Act.

DECISIONS

The total number of decisions made by the Board in the past fiscal year was 466 divided as follows:

Monthly Awards	58	Supplemental Awards	100	Interim Awards	35
Final Awards	240	Applications Refused	33		

FUNDING

Awards made under the Criminal Injuries Compensation Act are cost shared between the Federal Government and the Government of Alberta. The contribution by the Federal Government amounts to 50 per cent of the awards or a maximum of 10 cents per capita of the population of Alberta, whichever is the lesser. The Federal Government does not share administration costs.

PAYMENTS

Payments made during this past year based on the above decisions were

Monthly Awards — payments	394,907.50	
— disbursements	59,909.96	
Sub-total		$454,817.46
Interim Awards		150,066.27
Final Awards		326,202.28
Supplemental Awards		87,305.70
Total		$1,018,391.71

A breakdown of the awards is as follows:

Loss of Earnings	$561,328.40
Medical Expenses	114,850.02
Pecuniary Loss to Dependants of Victims	136,870.00
Pain and Suffering	37,750.00
Funeral Expenses	77,975.24
Other Pecuniary Loss	80,393.19
Counsel and Legal Fees	9,224.86
	$1,018,391.71

FEES

Fees paid to Board members totalled $58,574.00. Their disbursements totalled $11,781.08, bringing the total paid to the Board to $70,355.08. The Board held hearings on 42 days; 22 in Edmonton and 20 in Calgary.

TYPES OF CRIMES

TYPES OF CRIMES

Of applications which had a first hearing during the 1987-88 period, the following were noted:

Assault on a Peace Officer	10	Dangerous Driving	1
Assault Causing Bodily Harm	159	Indecent Assault on a Female	3
Attempted Murder	12	Indecent Assault on a Male	1
Careless Use of a Firearm	2	Manslaughter	2
Causing Bodily Harm by Criminal Negligence	4	Murder	36
Causing Bodily Harm with Intent	1	Public Mischief	1
Common Assault	1	Robbery With Violence	34
Common Nuisance Causing Harm	1	Sexual Assault	4

RESIDENCE OF APPLICANTS

RESIDENCE OF APPLICANTS

ALBERTA

Banff 2
Breton 1
Brownvale 1
Bruderheim 2

Calgary 117
Coalhurst 1
Cold Lake 1

Devon 1
Drayton Valley ... 1
Drumheller 2

Edmonton 89
Edson 1
Evansburg 1

Fort McMurrary .. 2
Fort Saskatchewan ... 1

Grande Centre ... 1
Grande Cache ... 1
Grande Prairie ... 4
Grimshaw 1
Gunn 1

Heisler 1
Hinton 1
Hobbema 1

Innisfail 2
Irvine 1

Leduc 3
Lethbridge 6
Lloydminster 1
Lomond 1

Marwayne 1
Mayerthorpe 1
Medicine Hat 1
Millett 1

Peace River 1
Ponoka 1

Ralston 1
Red Deer 9
Redwater 1
Sherwood Park .. 1
St. Albert 2
Standoff 1
Stettler 1
Strathmore 1
Sylvan Lake 3

Three Hills 1
Torrington 1

Wetaskiwin 1
Whitecourt 1

OTHER PROVINCES

B.C.

Fairmont 1
Langley 1
Revelstoke 1
Surrey 1
Vancouver 1
White Rock 1

NEWFOUNDLAND

Embree 1
Stephenville 1
St. John's 2

ONTARIO

Hamilton 1
Orillia 1
Toronto 1

QUEBEC

Bonaventure County 1
Granby 1
Normandin 1
St. Jean-Baptiste 1

SASKATCHEWAN

Battleford 1
North Battleford .. 1
Saskatoon 2

STATISTICAL SUMMARIES OF AWARDS 1969-1988

Year	Loss of Earnings	Medical Expenses	Pecuniary Loss to Dependants	Pain and Suffering	Funeral Expenses	Other Pecuniary Loss	Counsel & Legal Fees	TOTALS
1987-88	$561,329	$114,850	$136,870	$37,750	$77,975	$80,393	$9,225	$1,018,392
1986-87	646,922	96,515	109,068	49,950	46,701	66,638	7,297	1,019,097
1985-86	457,237	103,443	102,131	37,362	41,663	46,162	5,796	793,794
1984-85	583,529	145,644	78,390	35,500	51,050	48,894	9,720	952,727
1983-84	563,212	123,695	79,310	49,350	74,568	65,272	8,679	964,086
1982-83	425,858	101,021	32,830	45,700	53,788	55,673	9,681	724,551
1981-82	297,800	45,991	51,805	37,950	23,674	26,746	5,651	489,617
1980-81	302,328	39,637	45,789	24,150	24,577	31,302	7,025	474,808
1979-80	365,081	45,175	41,582	21,450	42,034	27,512	7,730	550,564
1978-79	301,217	32,621	30,577	17,036	43,695	27,123	8,580	460,849
1977	267,759	31,355	36,370	26,200	21,298	20,665	8,012	411,659
1976	219,314	23,379	32,320	35,200	5,744	45,106	10,268	371,331
1975	162,881	11,229	41,390	3,500	1,114	9,451	5,710	235,275
1974	131,967	10,336	17,127	8,000	1,248	9,081	4,540	182,299
1973	72,753	8,690	9,841	8,750		5,973	2,214	108,221
1972	83,941	8,212	19,697	11,570	3,374	3,761	2,514	133,069
1971	47,178	6,810	8,350	3,610	561	2,677	2,292	71,478
1969-70	39,692	5,105	521	5,250	741	10,596	2,589	64,493